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4 waves

$$\psi(x+L, t) = \psi(x, t)$$

מציבים את זה

$$\psi(x, t) = e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

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$$\psi(x+L, t) = e^{i(k(x+L) - \omega t)}$$

$$e^{i(kx + kL - \omega t)} = e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

~~$$e^{i(kx + kL - \omega t)} = e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$~~

$$e^{ikL} = 1$$

$$\cos(kL) + i \sin(kL) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow kL = 2\pi n$$

$$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 0, \frac{2\pi}{L}, \frac{4\pi}{L}, \dots$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi n}{L}$$

$$n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

מציבים את זה

$$i \hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = -i\hbar k e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = +ik e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} = -k^2 e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

המשוואה היא

$$-i\hbar k e^{i(kx - \omega t)} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \cdot (-k^2) e^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

$$\hbar \omega = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} k^2$$

\Rightarrow

$$\omega = \frac{\hbar}{2m} k^2$$

המשוואה היא

$$\omega = \frac{\hbar}{2m} k^2$$

$$\omega_n = \frac{\hbar}{2m} \left[\frac{2\pi n}{L} \right]^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 \hbar}{2m L^2} n^2 = \frac{2\pi^2 \hbar}{m L^2} n^2$$

$$\omega_n = \omega_n$$

המשוואה היא

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; OK ON A'SUN < 3721

$$\psi_n(x,t) = A_n e^{i(k_n x - \omega_n t)}$$

∫ ψ_n^* ψ dx = 1

A_n < 3721

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi_n^* \psi = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^L A_n^* e^{-i(k_n x - \omega_n t)} \cdot A_n e^{i(k_n x - \omega_n t)} dx = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^L |A_n|^2 dx = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boxed{A_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}}}$$

3721

$$\psi_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}} e^{i(k_n x - \omega_n t)}$$

$$\psi_m^* = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}} e^{-i(k_m x - \omega_m t)}$$

$$\int_0^L \psi_n \psi_m^* dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L e^{i(k_n x - \omega_n t)} e^{-i(k_m x - \omega_m t)} dx$$

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$$= \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L e^{i(k_n x + k_m x - \omega_n t - \omega_m t)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L e^{i(x(k_n + k_m) - t(\omega_n + \omega_m))} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} \cdot e^{i((k_n + k_m)x - (\omega_n + \omega_m)t)} \Big|_0^L$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} \cdot e^{i[(k_n + k_m) \cdot L - (\omega_n + \omega_m)t]}$$

$$- \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} e^{-i[(\omega_n + \omega_m)t]}$$

$$k_n + k_m = \frac{2\pi h}{L} + \frac{2\pi m}{L} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(m+n) \quad e^{i\pi}$$

$$\frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} e^{i\left[\frac{2\pi}{L}(m+n) \cdot L - (\omega_n + \omega_m)t\right]} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} e^{-i(\omega_n + \omega_m)t}$$

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$$\int_0^L \psi_n \psi_m^* = \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} e^{-i[(\omega_n + \omega_m)t]} - \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{i(k_n + k_m)} e^{i[(\omega_n + \omega_m)t]} = 0$$

$\psi_n \psi_m^* = 0$ since $m \neq n$ otherwise

$m = n$, otherwise

$$\int_0^L \psi_n \psi_m^* = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L e^{i(k_n x - \omega_n t)} e^{-i(k_m x - \omega_m t)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L dx = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^L \psi_n \psi_m^* dx = \delta_{nm}$$

$$\psi_a = C \psi_1 + D \psi_2$$

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מקרה זה מתקיים סכום כי שני המרכיבים הם פונקציות
 והיחסיות קובץ סכום א' מתבטלת גם הוא סכום.

$$\psi(x,t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n$$

עבור $n = k$ נבדוק את המקרה הזה

$$\psi_k = c_k \psi_k$$

- c_k נמצא על ידי

$$\psi(x,t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n$$

ψ_k^* נכפול

$$\psi_k^* \psi = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \psi_k^* c_n \psi_n = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \psi_k^* \psi_n$$

נשתמש ב

$$\int_0^L \psi_k^* \psi dx = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \int_0^L \psi_k^* \psi_n dx =$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \delta_{nk} = c_k$$

$$c_k = \int_0^L \psi_k^* \psi dx$$

נכפול

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$$\psi(x, z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n$$

Г (n) не в 1

$$\psi^* \psi = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n^* \psi_n^* \cdot \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} c_m \psi_m$$

$$\int_0^L \psi^* \psi dx = \int_0^L \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n^* \psi_n^* \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} c_m \psi_m dx = 1$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n^* c_m \int_0^L \psi_n^* \psi_m dx = 1$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n^* c_m \delta_{nm} = 1$$

n=m

=>

$$\sum |c_n|^2 = 1$$